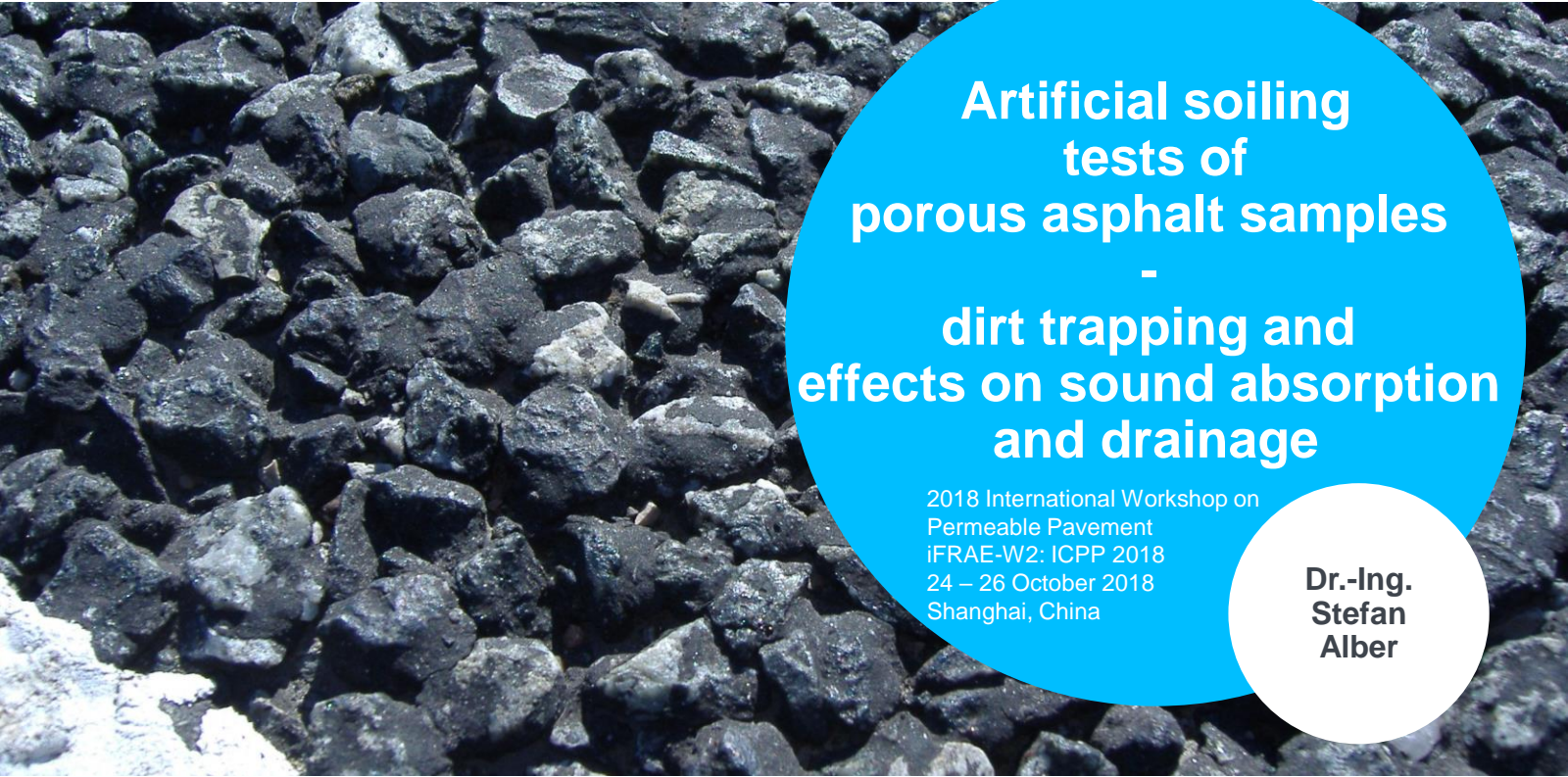




University of Stuttgart

Institute für Road and Transport Science
Chair for Road Design and Construction



**Artificial soiling
tests of
porous asphalt samples
-
dirt trapping and
effects on sound absorption
and drainage**

2018 International Workshop on
Permeable Pavement
iFRAE-W2: ICPP 2018
24 – 26 October 2018
Shanghai, China

**Dr.-Ing.
Stefan
Alber**



University of Stuttgart



Abstract

Porous asphalt (PA) is an asphalt mixture with a very high void content. Therefore it has specific functional properties – especially concerning drainage and sound absorption.

The high void content and the functional properties suffer from soiling. A soiling procedure using artificial rainfall in lab experiments has been applied on different PA structures regarding coarseness and layer thicknesses including twinlay concepts.

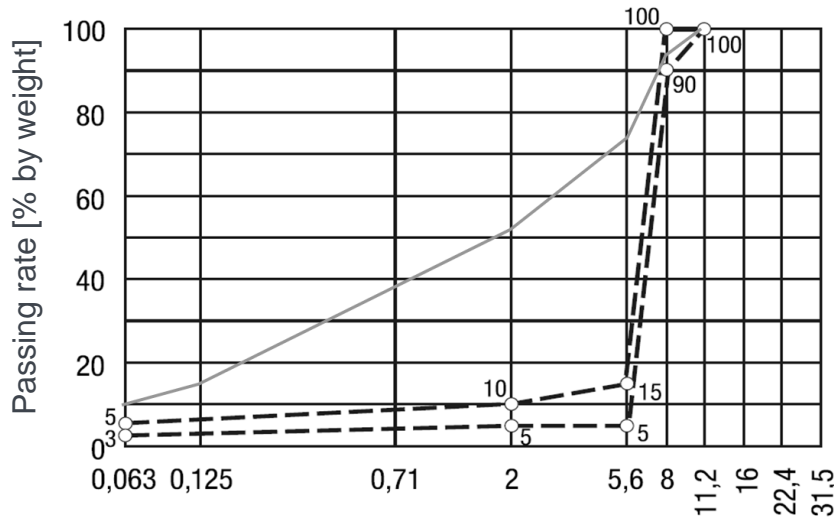
The retention of applied dirt particles is analyzed as well as effects on drainage and sound absorption behavior including air accessibility. Acoustical parameters describing the pore structure are back-calculated with sound absorption modeling.

The effect of PA soiling is an undesired effect which might be turned into an advantage if certain particles/contaminants could be trapped in the PA structure. Artificial soiling tests can deliver approaches for such analyses.



Introduction

- Porous asphalt (PA) is a special asphalt mixture with high inter-connected void content
 - Void content created by gap grading
 - 22 to 28 % (layer) according to German guidelines



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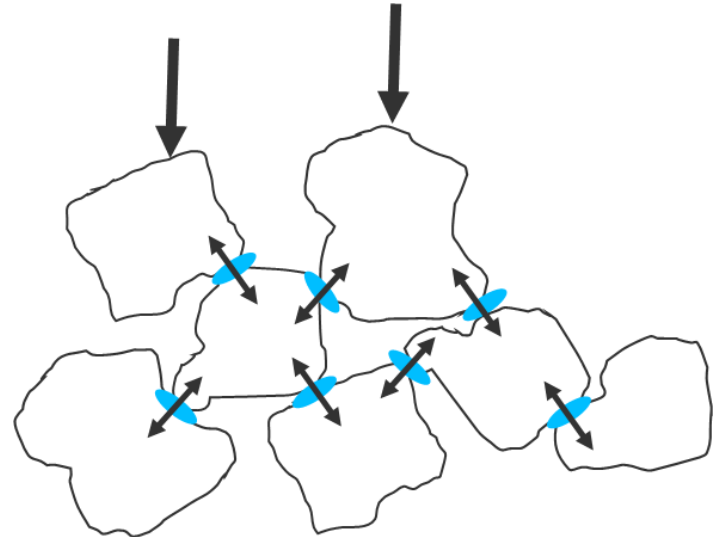


- **Special functional properties**
 - **Drainage**
 - Noise reduction
 - Reduction of aerodynamic noise-generating effects
 - **Sound absorption**
- ...but also **special problems**



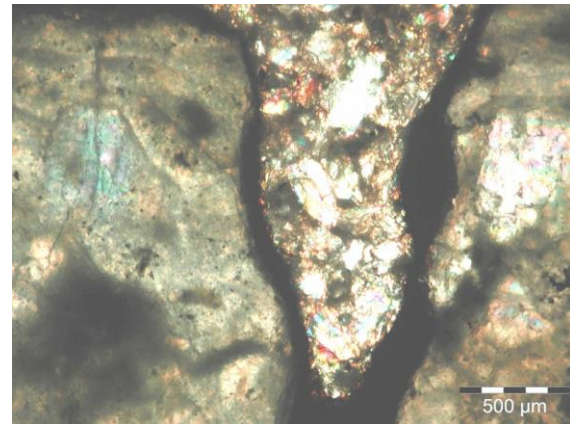
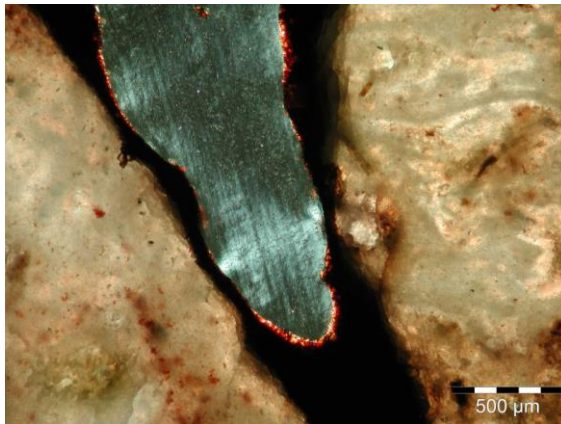
Introduction

- Open-graded mix design is more susceptible to deterioration effects
- Increased ageing of binder by water and air infiltration
- Susceptibility to shear forces (braking, accelerating, cornering)
→ Especially in urban traffic
- → Ravelling



Introduction

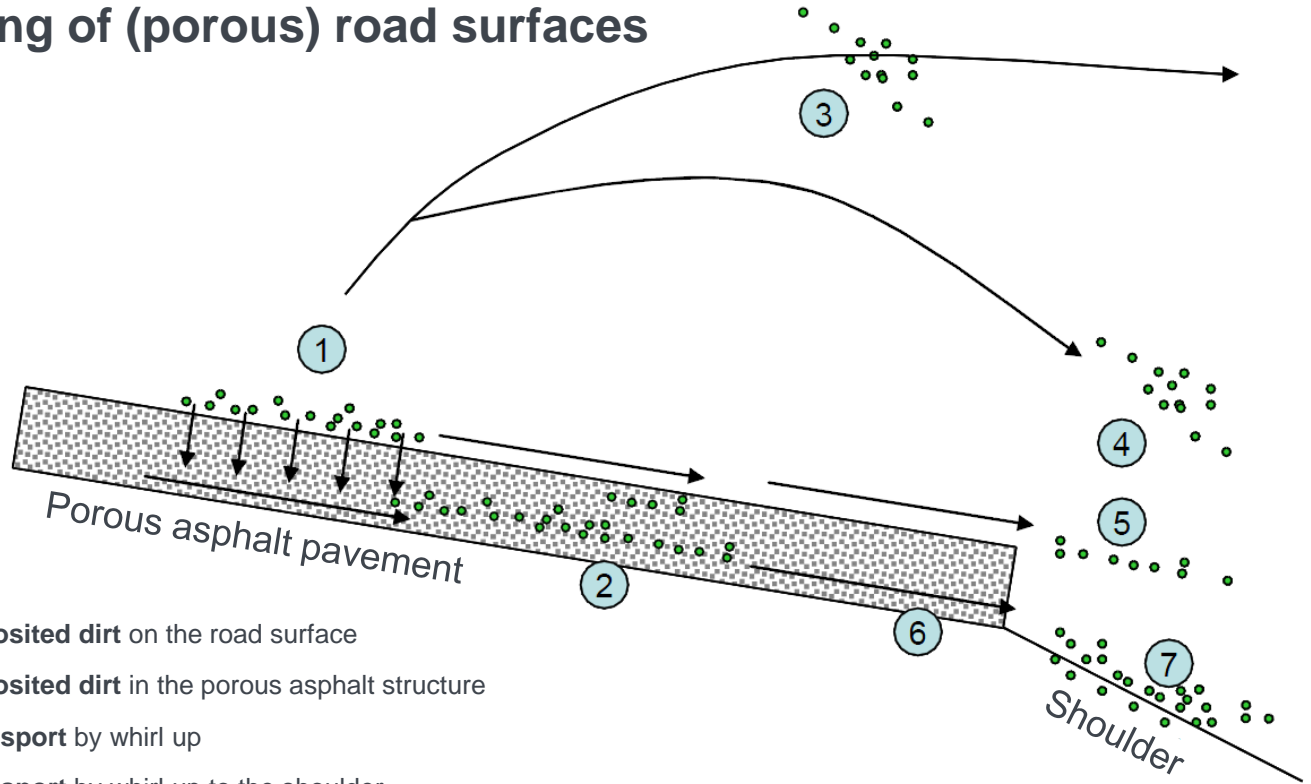
- Further problems in service
 - Winter maintenance (snow removal, snow chains, effectiveness of salt, temperature)
 - Drainage in built-up areas → usage of special gutters necessary
 - **Decreasing noise reduction capabilities...**
 - Because of raveling and the negative effects on surface texture
 - Because of **soiling and clogging effects**



Sources (picture): S. Alber, Veränderung des Schallabsorptionsverhaltens von offenporigen Asphalten durch Verschmutzung (Variation of sound absorption characteristics of porous asphalt due to clogging processes) (PhD thesis) German language, Veröffentlichungen des Instituts für Straßen- und Verkehrswesen, Universität Stuttgart, Heft 46 Stuttgart, 2013. <http://dx.doi.org/10.18419/opus-489>.
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Soiling of (porous) road surfaces



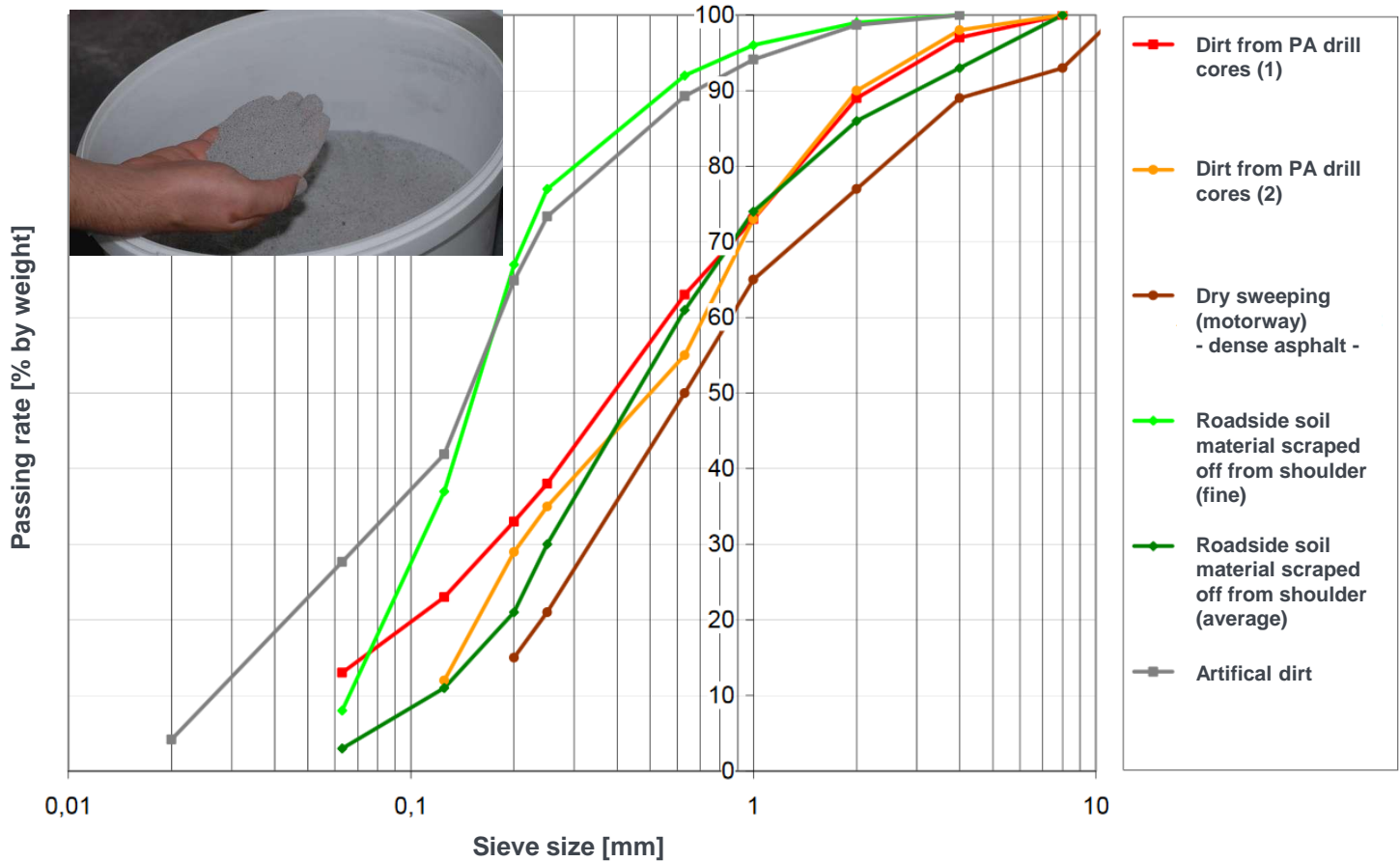
- 1 Deposited dirt on the road surface
- 2 Deposited dirt in the porous asphalt structure
- 3 Transport by whirl up
- 4 Transport by whirl up to the shoulder
- 5 Transport by rain on the surface to the shoulder (rather non-porous surfaces)
- 6 Transport through the porous structure
- 7 Deposited dirt on the shoulder

Source (picture): S. Alber, Veränderung des Schallabsorptionsverhaltens von offenporigen Asphalten durch Verschmutzung (Variation of sound absorption characteristics of porous asphalt due to clogging processes) (PhD thesis) German language, Veröffentlichungen des Instituts für Straßen- und Verkehrswesen, Universität Stuttgart, Heft 46 Stuttgart, 2013.

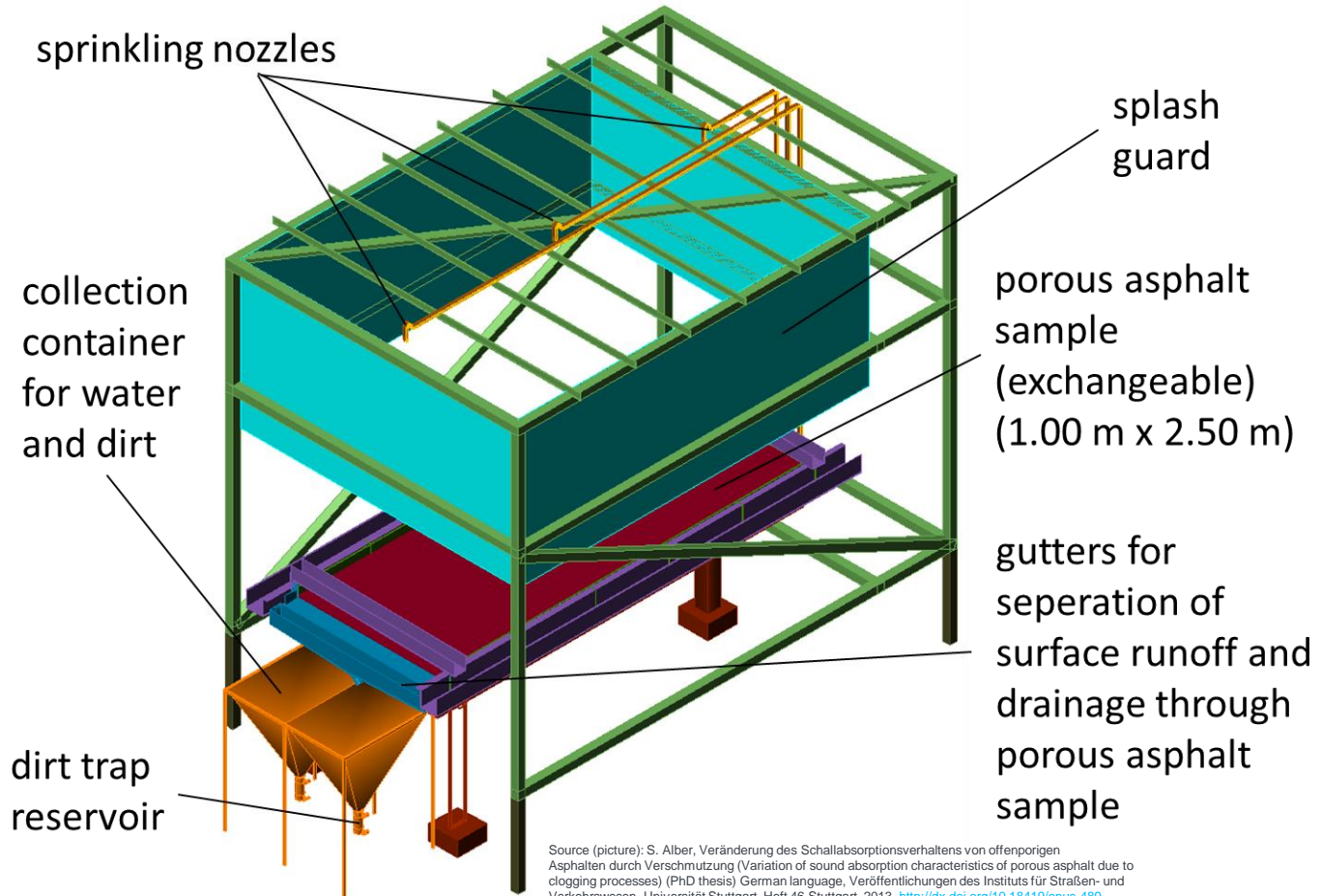
<http://dx.doi.org/10.18419/opus-489> .



„Typical road dirt“ composition



Experimental set-up for artificial soiling tests (AST)



Source (picture): S. Alber, Veränderung des Schallabsorptionsverhaltens von offenporigen Asphalten durch Verschmutzung (Variation of sound absorption characteristics of porous asphalt due to clogging processes) (PhD thesis) German language, Veröffentlichungen des Instituts für Straßen- und Verkehrswesen, Universität Stuttgart, Heft 46 Stuttgart, 2013. <http://dx.doi.org/10.18419/opus-489>.
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Experimental set-up for soiling experiments



Experimental set-up for soiling experiments



Experimental set-up for soiling experiments



Experimental set-up for soiling experiments

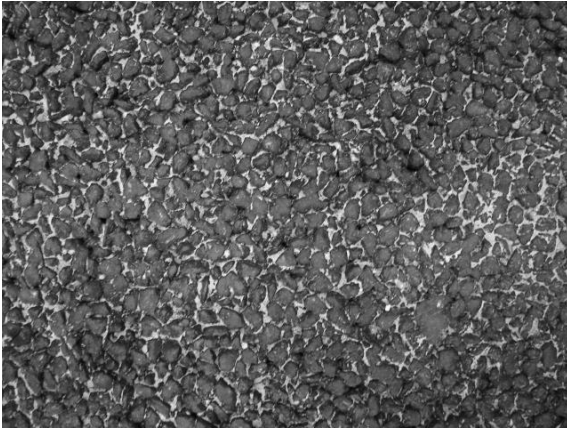


Experimental set-up for soiling experiments

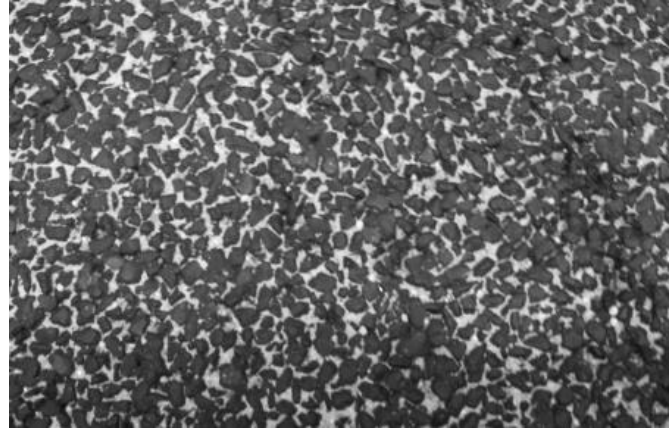


Soiling states

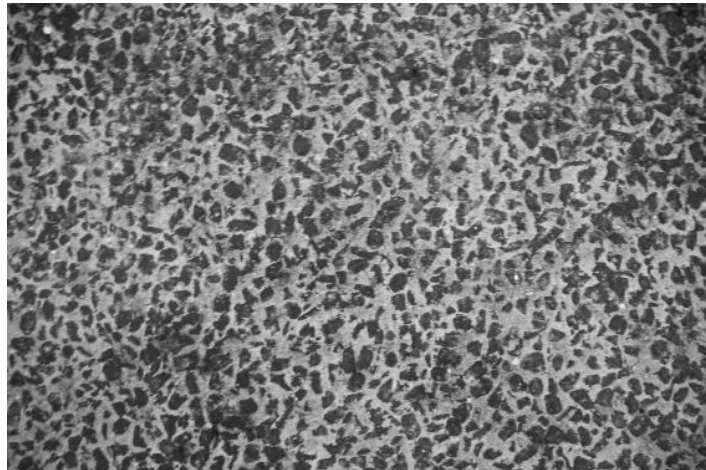
Repeated soiling procedure (9 to 10 repetitions)



480 g/m²



960 g/m²



1440 g/m²



Soiling and clogging of porous asphalt (PA)

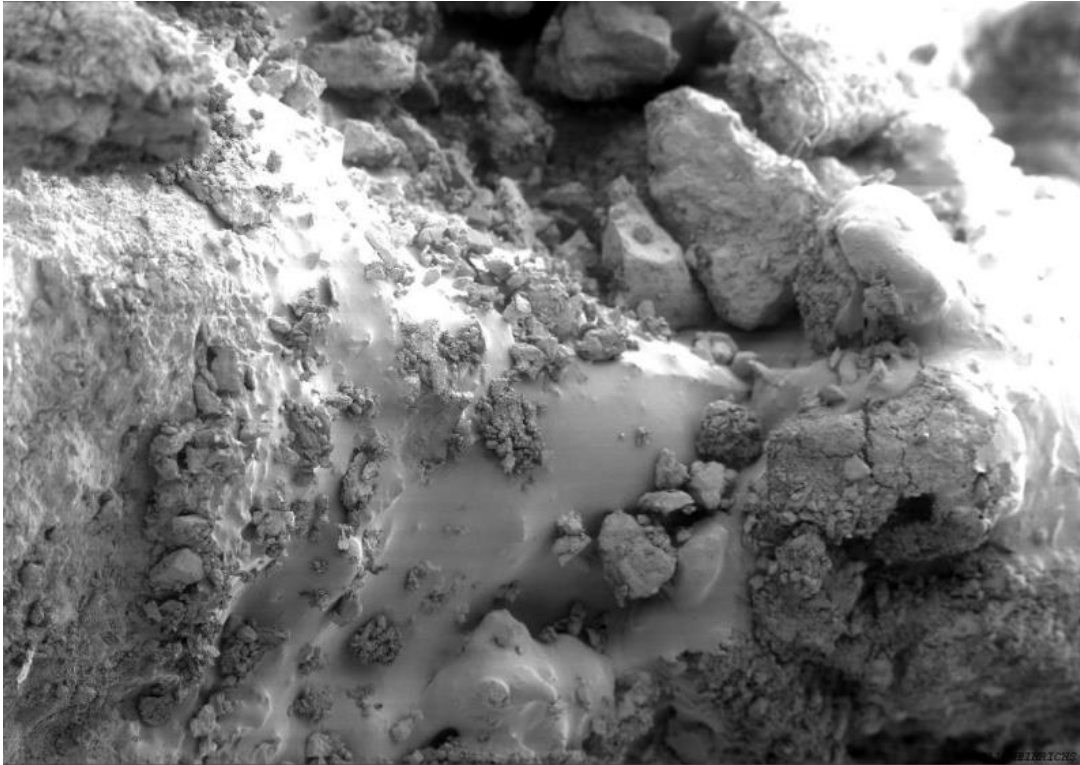
Mechanisms of soiling and clogging

- 1) Adhesion of particles to the pores' surface
 - Single particles
 - Agglomerations of dirt
 - Partly closely glued and connected to the bitumen film in the pores
 - Effect of agglomeration and clumping is increased by heat and probably salt (winter maintenance)
 - Effect of internal soiling
- 2) Constriction of pores/narrow pore channels
- 3) Partly clogging of narrow pore channels (while pores itself are not clogged yet)
- 4) Clogging of whole pores



Soiling and clogging of porous asphalt (PA)

Adhesion of dirt at the (bituminous) pores' surfaces



100 μm

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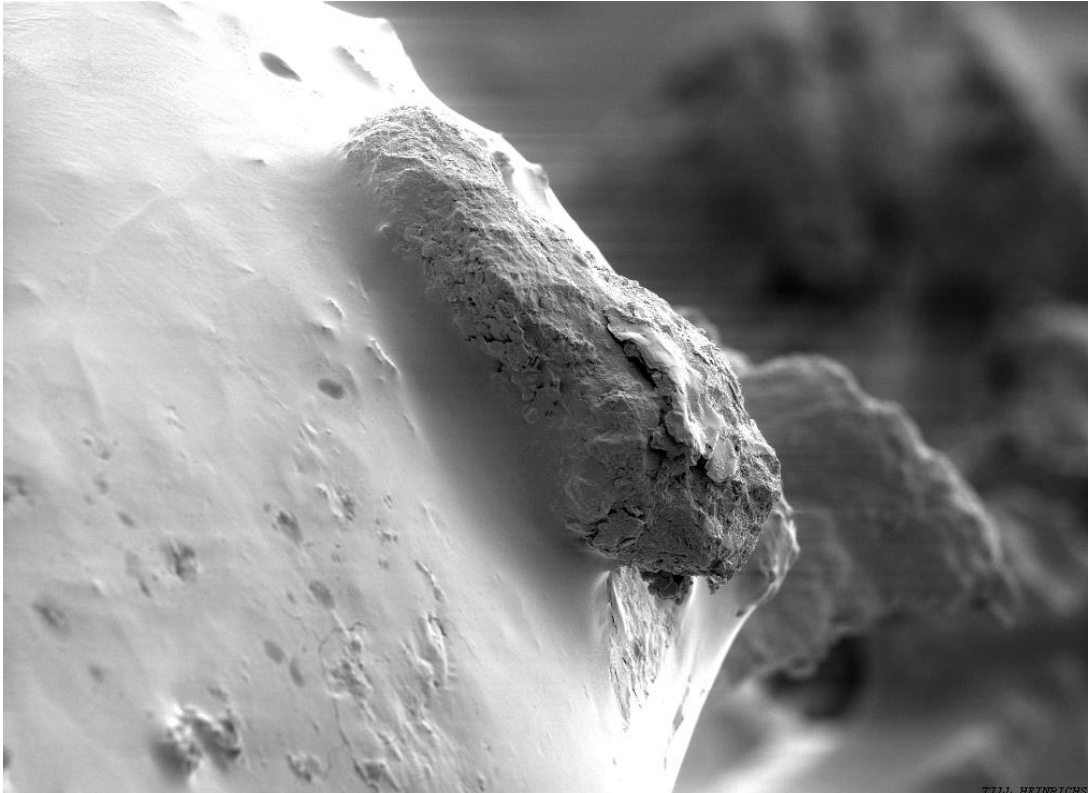
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Soiling and clogging of porous asphalt (PA)

Glueing of dirt particles on bituminous film in a pore



10 μm

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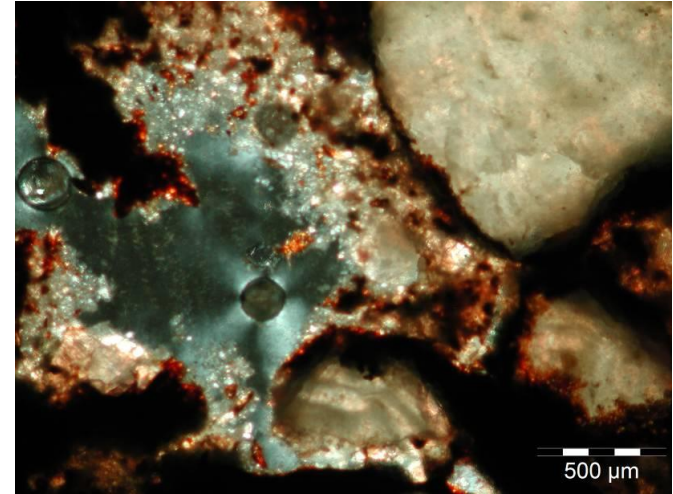
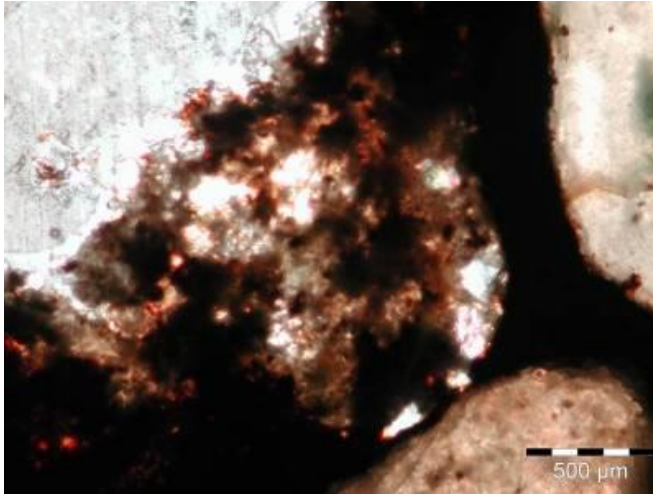
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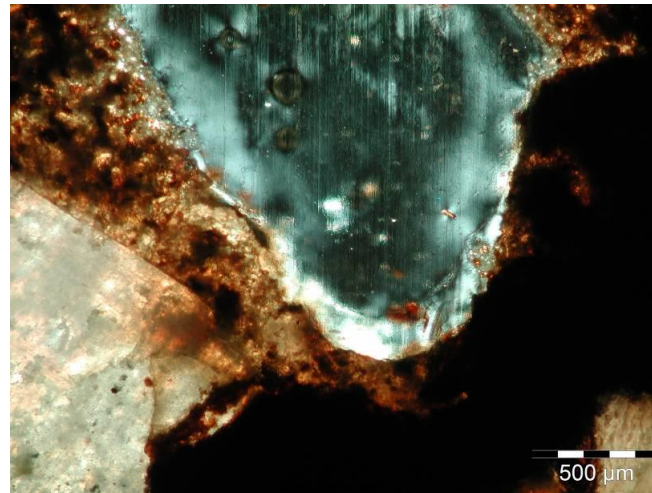
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Soiling and clogging of porous asphalt (PA)

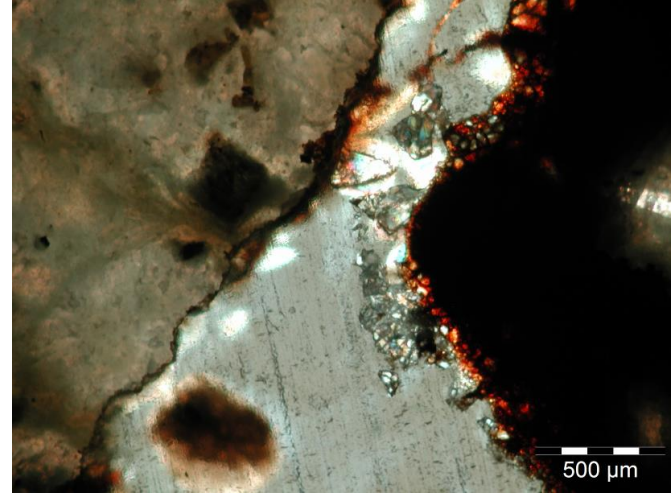
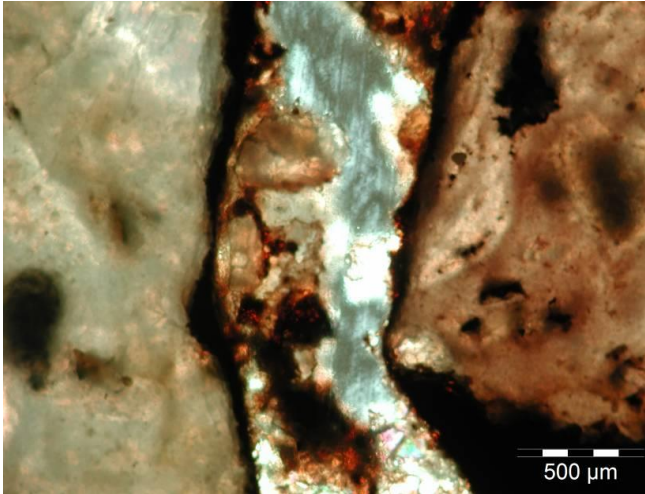


- Effect of internal soiling
- Filler and bituminous mortar particles (rather unbound)

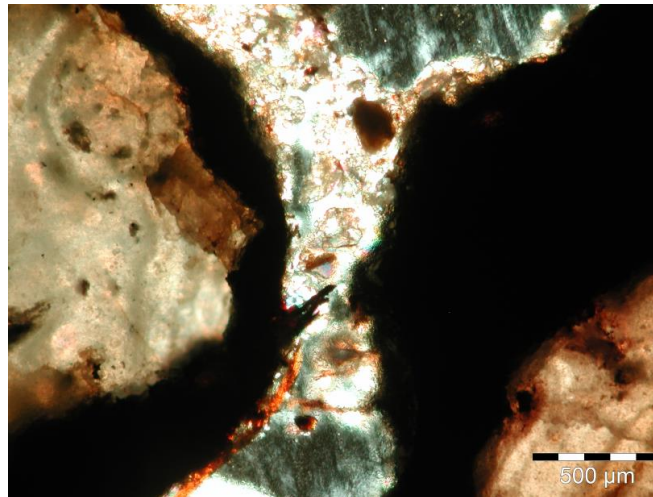


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Soiling and clogging of porous asphalt (PA)



- **Constriction** of pores/narrow pore channels
- **Partly clogging** of narrow pore channels
- (while pores itself are not clogged yet)



Sources (picture): S. Alber, Veränderung des Schallabsorptionsverhaltens von offenporigen

Asphalten durch Verschmutzung (Variation of sound absorption characteristics of porous asphalt due to clogging processes) (PhD thesis) German language, Veröffentlichungen des Instituts für Straßen- und Verkehrswesen, Universität Stuttgart, Heft 46 Stuttgart, 2013.

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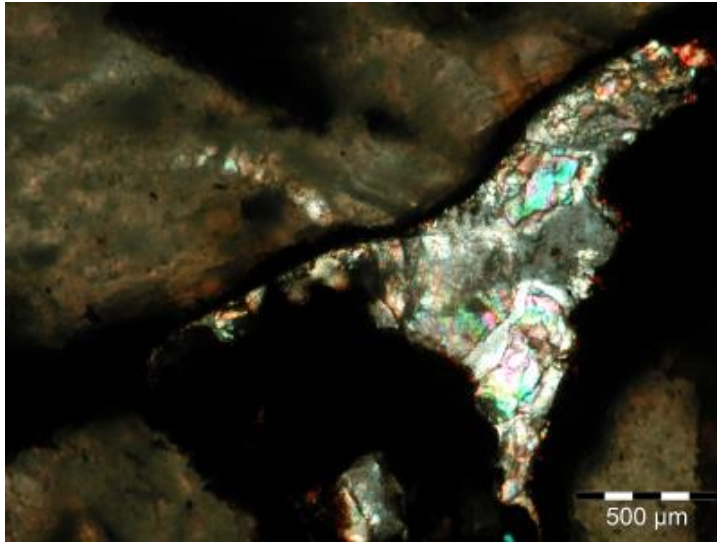
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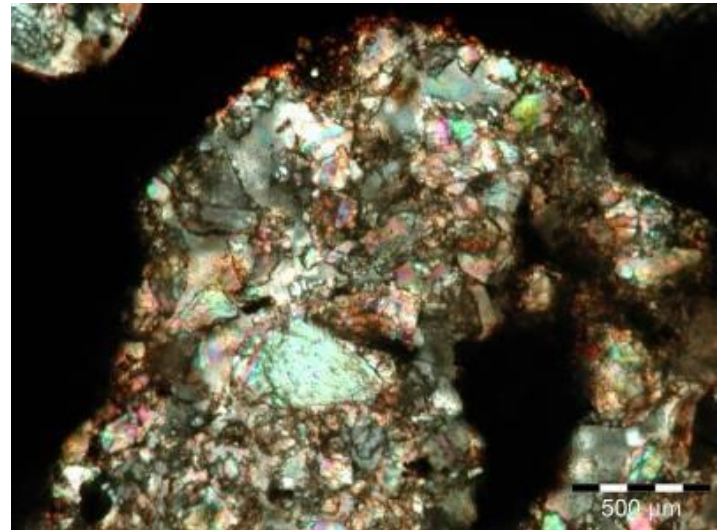
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Soiling and clogging of porous asphalt (PA)



- Clogging of whole pores



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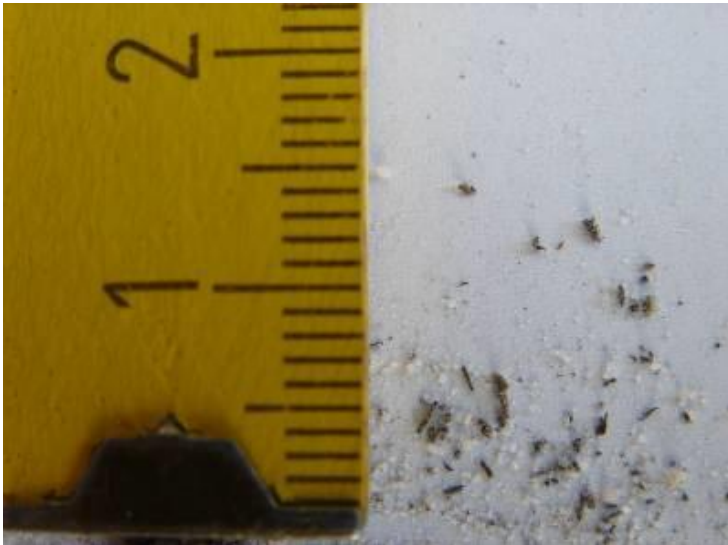
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Soiling and clogging of porous asphalt (PA)

Washing out of artificial dirt after soiling

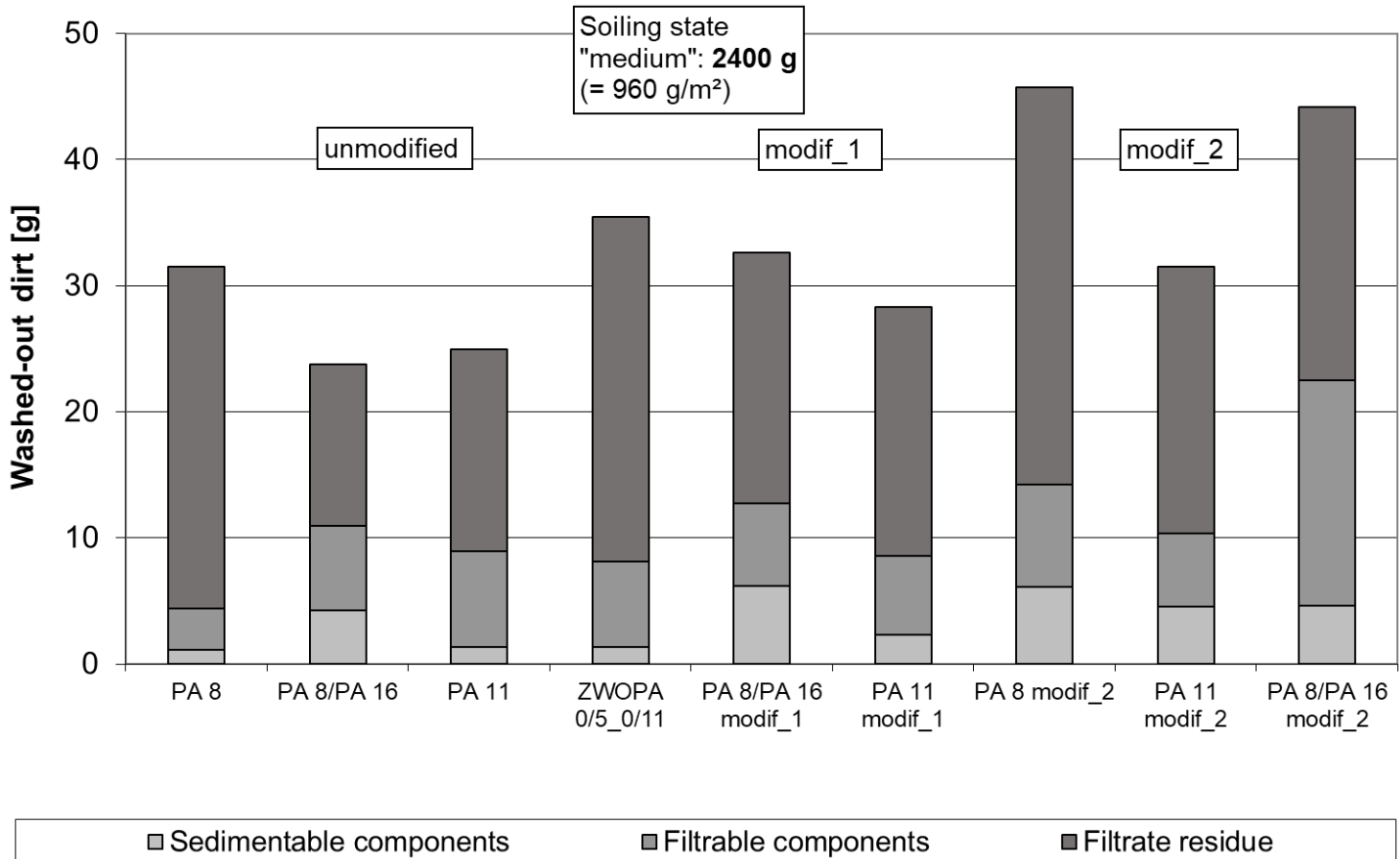
- External soiling and internal soiling (fibers and „bituminous“ particles)



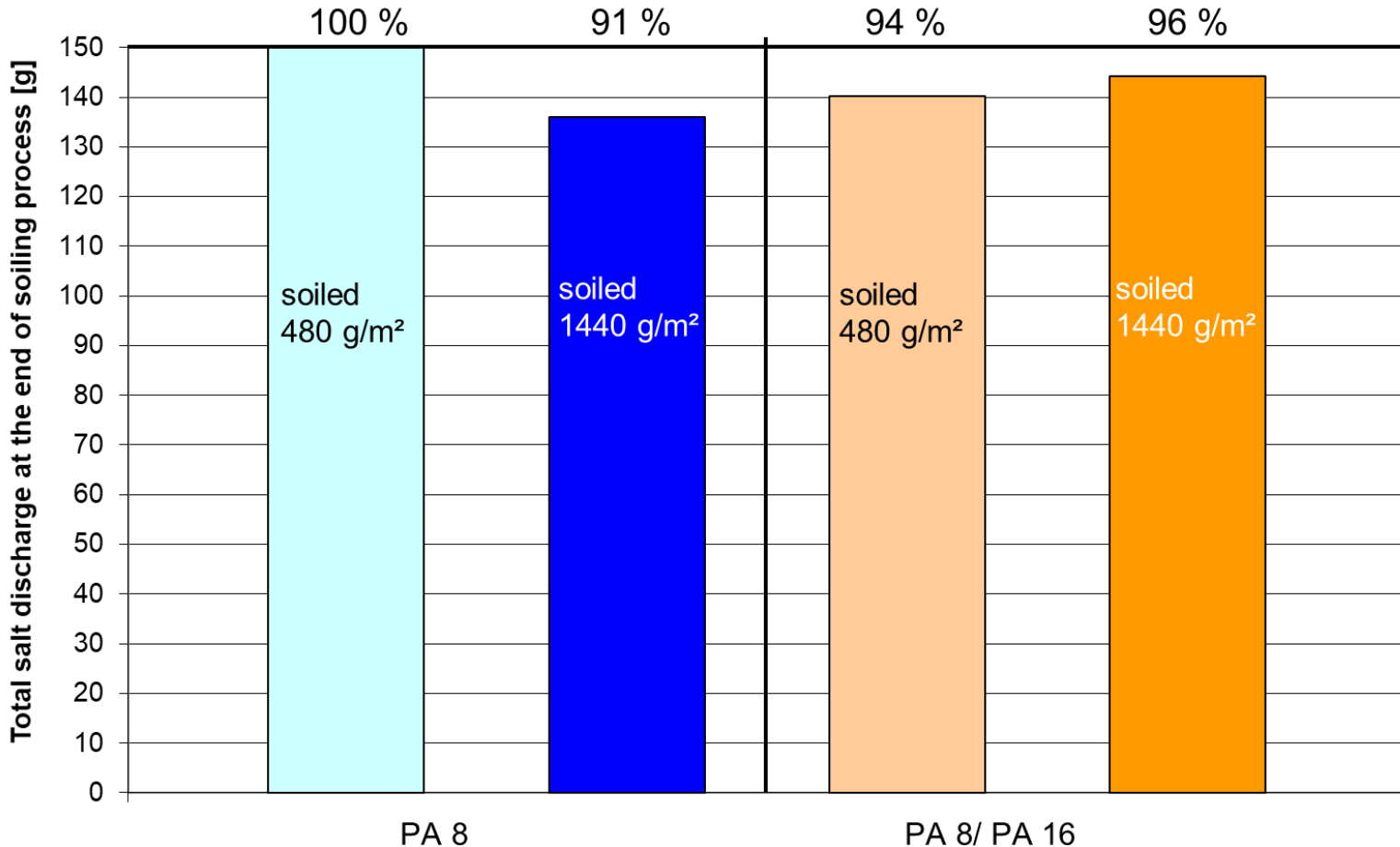
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Soiling and clogging of porous asphalt (PA)

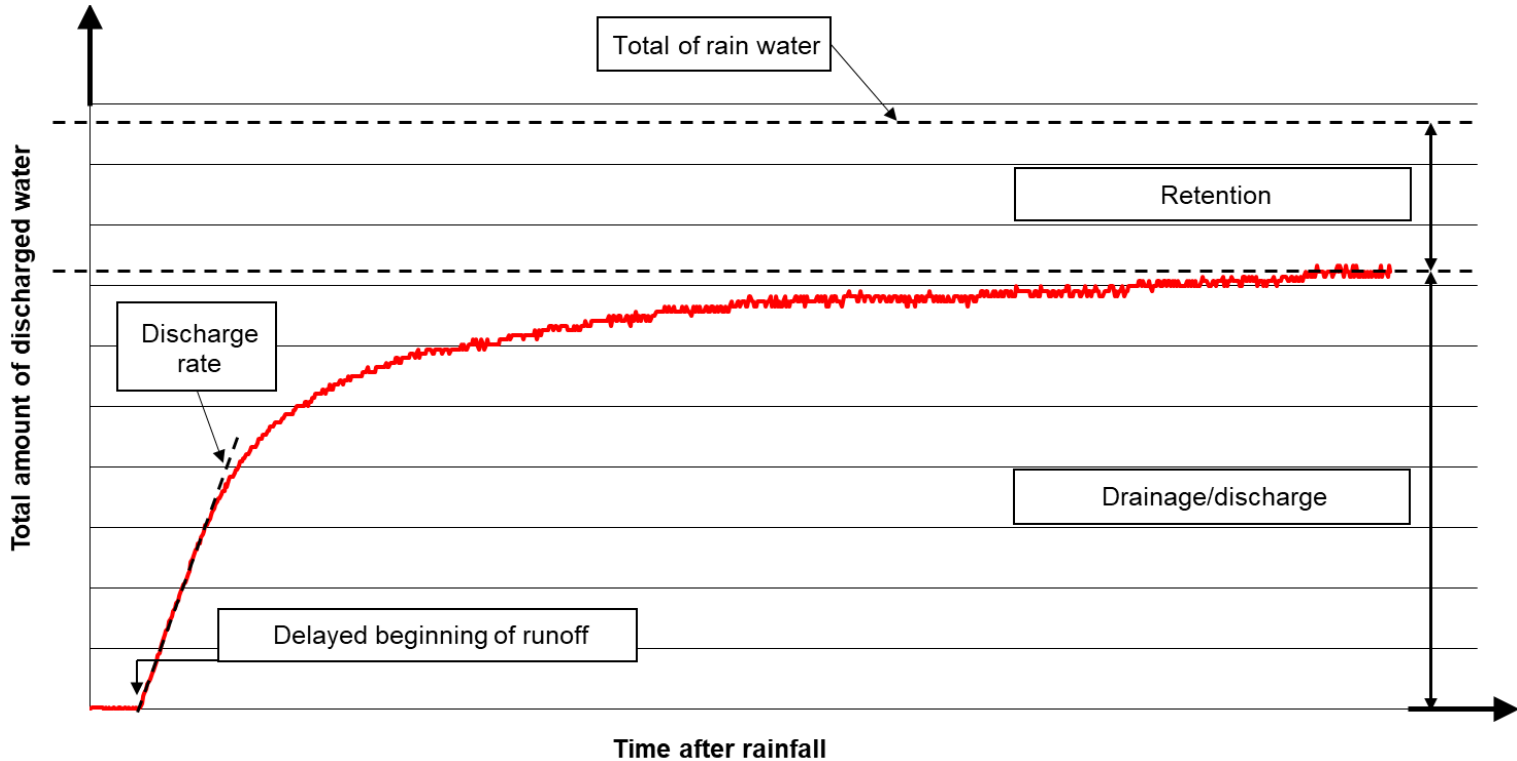


Soiling and clogging of porous asphalt (PA)



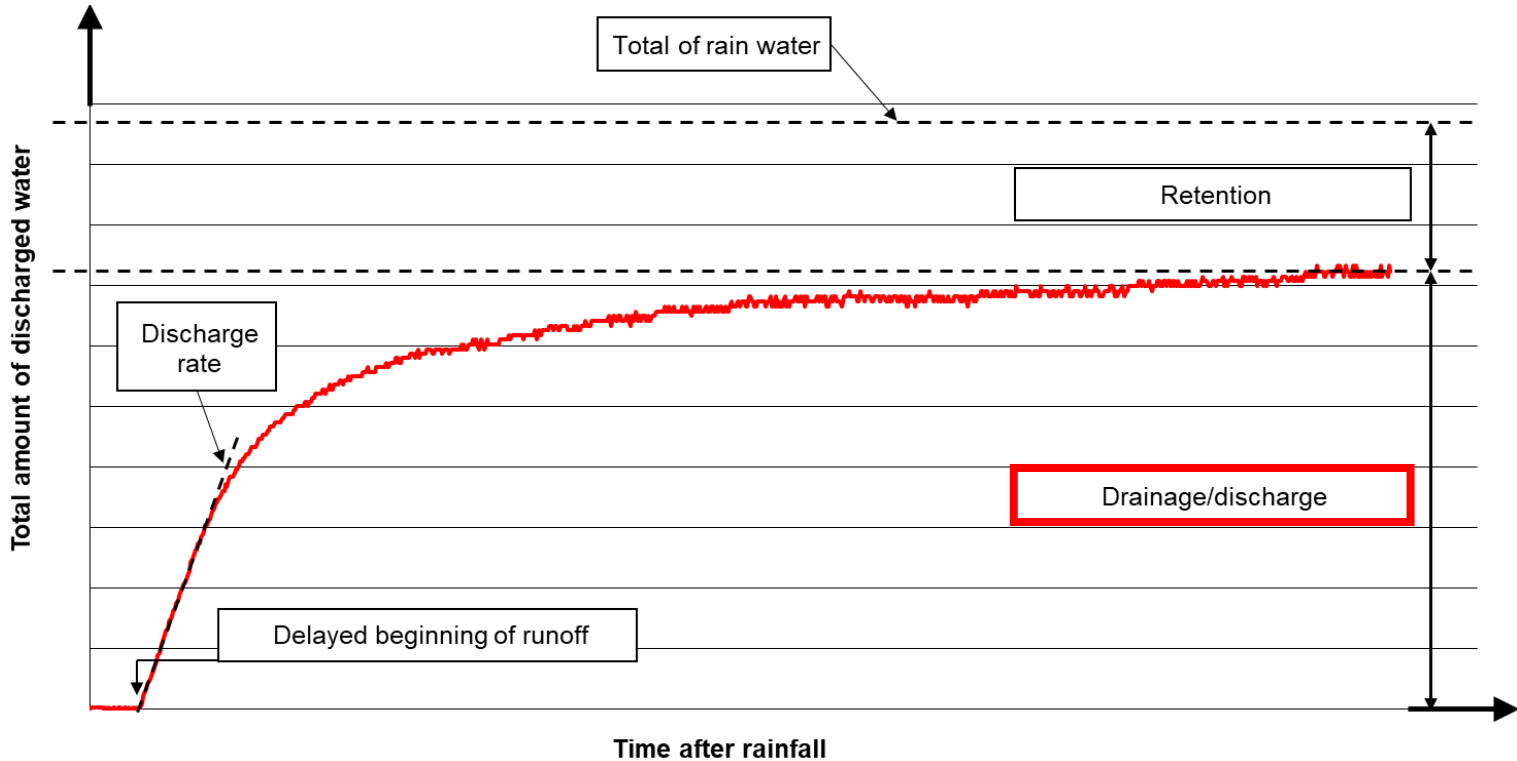
Drainage properties

Typical development of runoff of PA

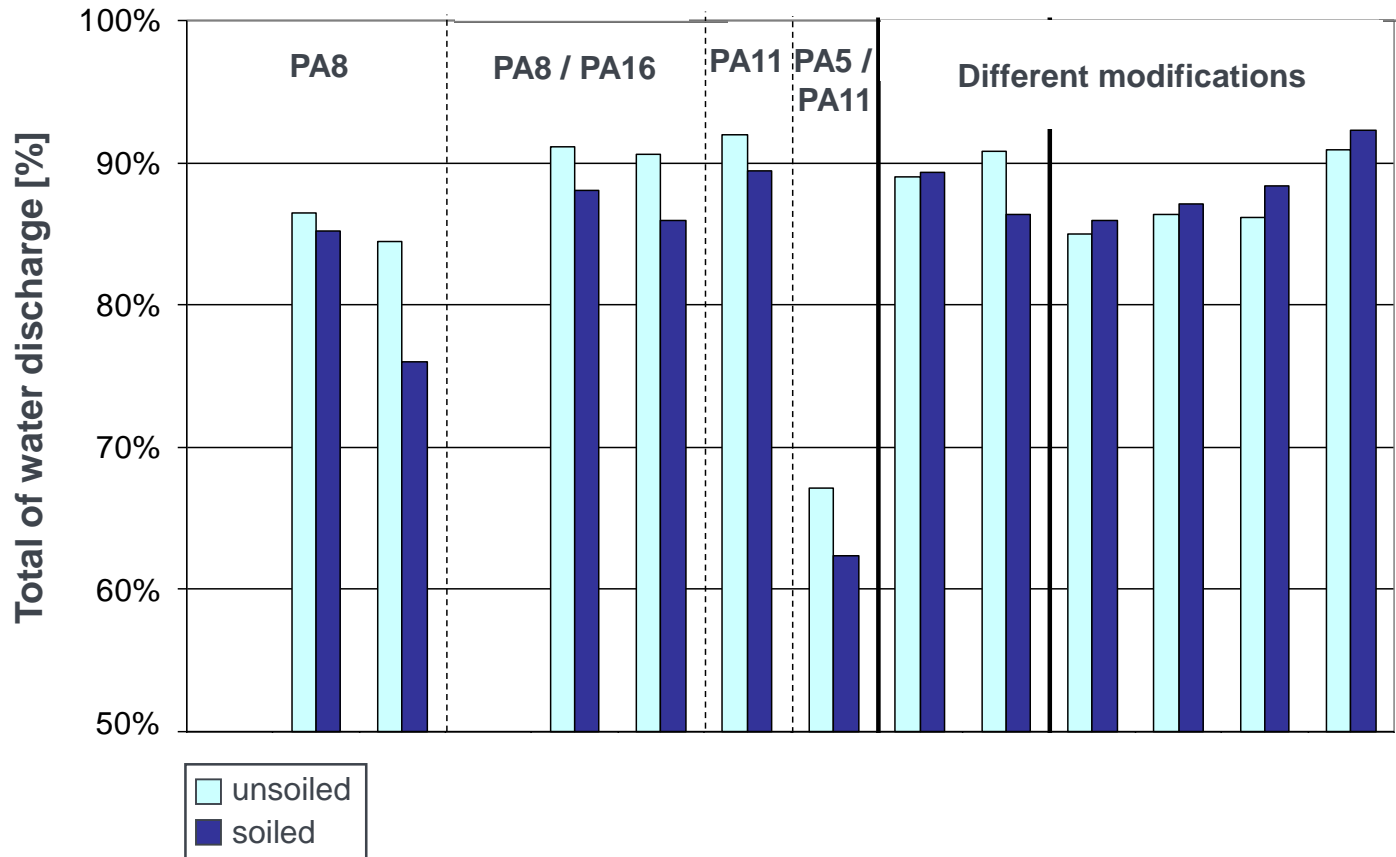


Drainage properties

Typical development of runoff of PA

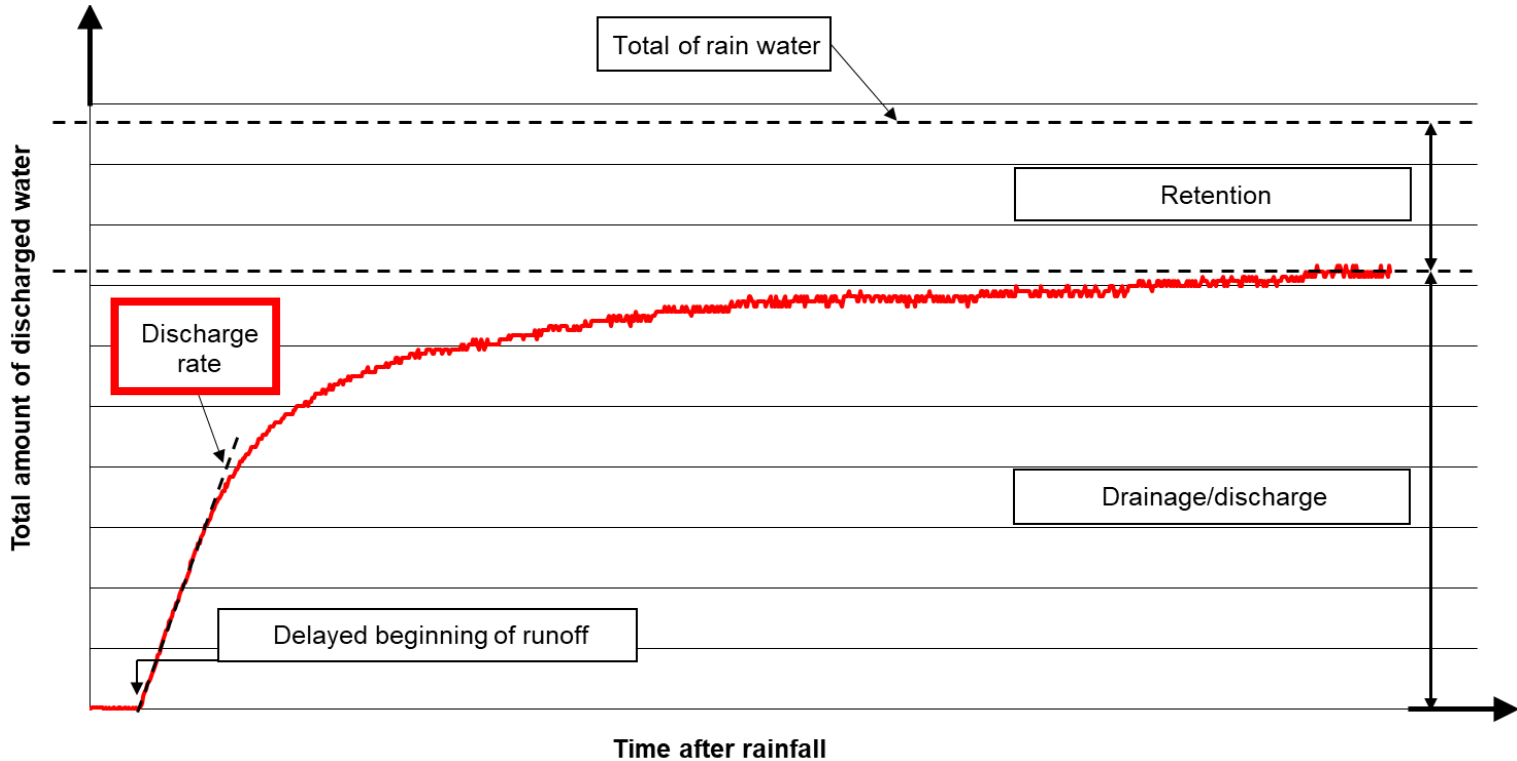


Drainage properties – total amount of discharge

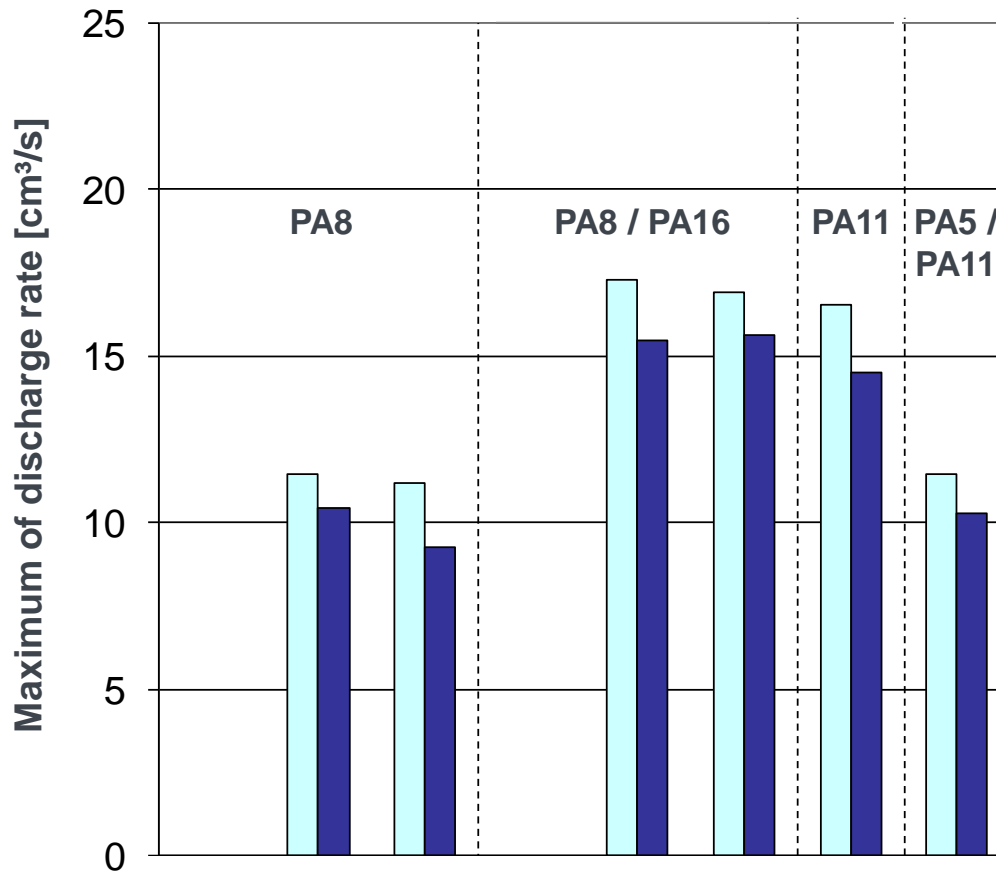


Drainage properties

Typical development of runoff of PA

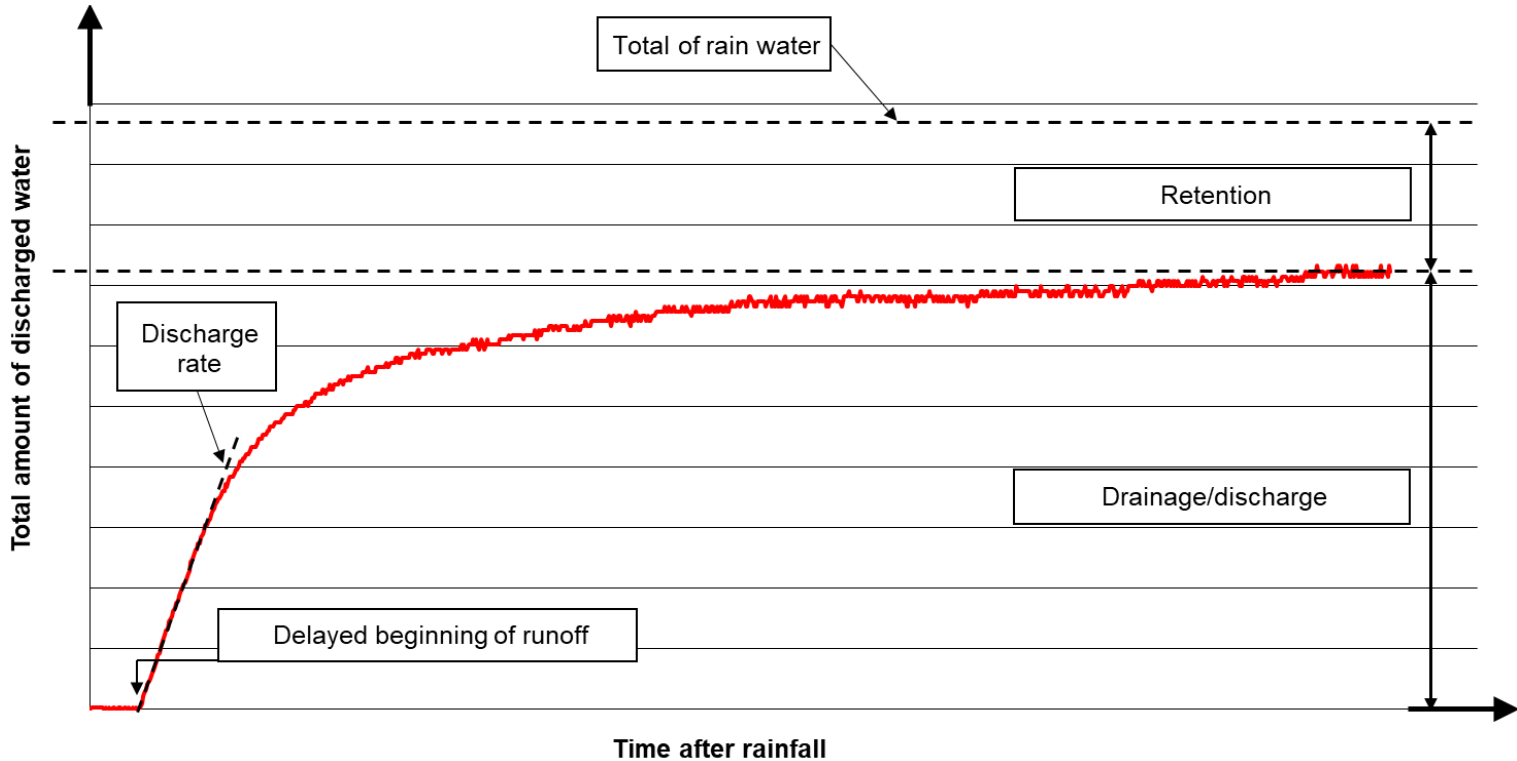


Drainage properties – discharge rates



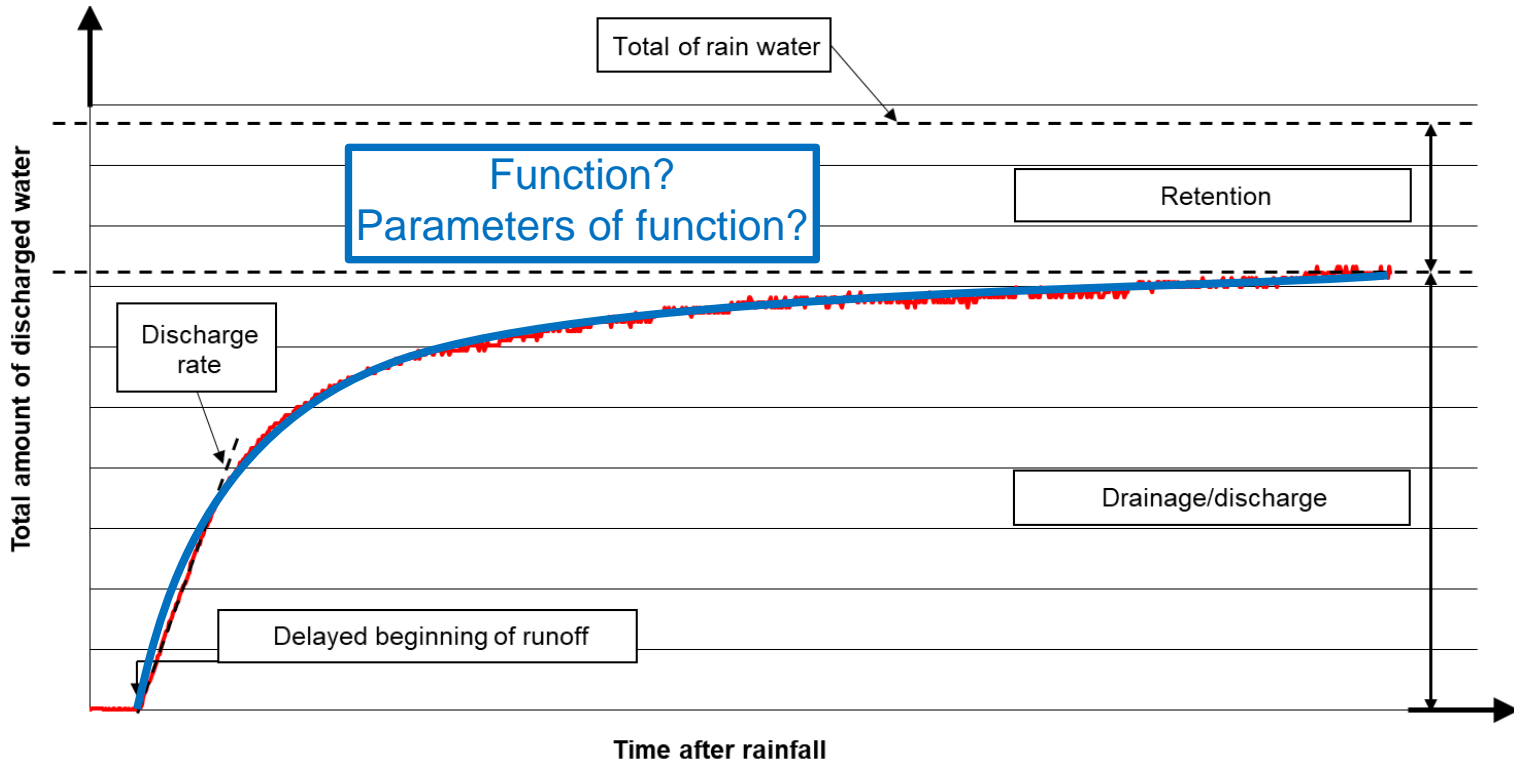
Drainage properties

Typical development of runoff of PA



Drainage properties

Typical development of runoff of PA



Drainage properties

Hydrological approach – linear reservoir model

$$S(t) = K \cdot q(t)$$

$$q(t) = \frac{S(t_0)}{K} \cdot e^{\frac{-t}{K}}$$

$$Q(t) = \int_{t_0=0}^t q(t) = S(t_0) \cdot (1 - e^{\frac{-t}{K}})$$

$q(t)$: runoff flow rate [l/min]

K: storage constant [min]

$S(t)$: stored water volume in reservoir [l]

t : time [min]

$S(t_0)$: initial water volume in reservoir/porous asphalt [l/min]

$Q(t)$: total amount of discharged water volume at a certain time t [l]



Drainage modelling

Hydrological approach – linear reservoir model

- Smaller values of $K \rightarrow$ „faster“ outflow
- Questions:
- Typical storage constants K from the artificial rain experiments (2.5 m² sample with maximum of flow path of 2.5 m)
 - Dependent on **PA type**: coarser PA have smaller K than finer ones
 - Dependent on **rainfall intensity**: higher K for lower rainfall intensities
 - Dependent on **retained water** within the porous structure...
 - Dependent on **soiling state**...
- \rightarrow Paper submitted to „Road Materials and Pavement Design“
- ...Extrapolation for bigger PA areas possible?



Drainage modelling

3D drainage model

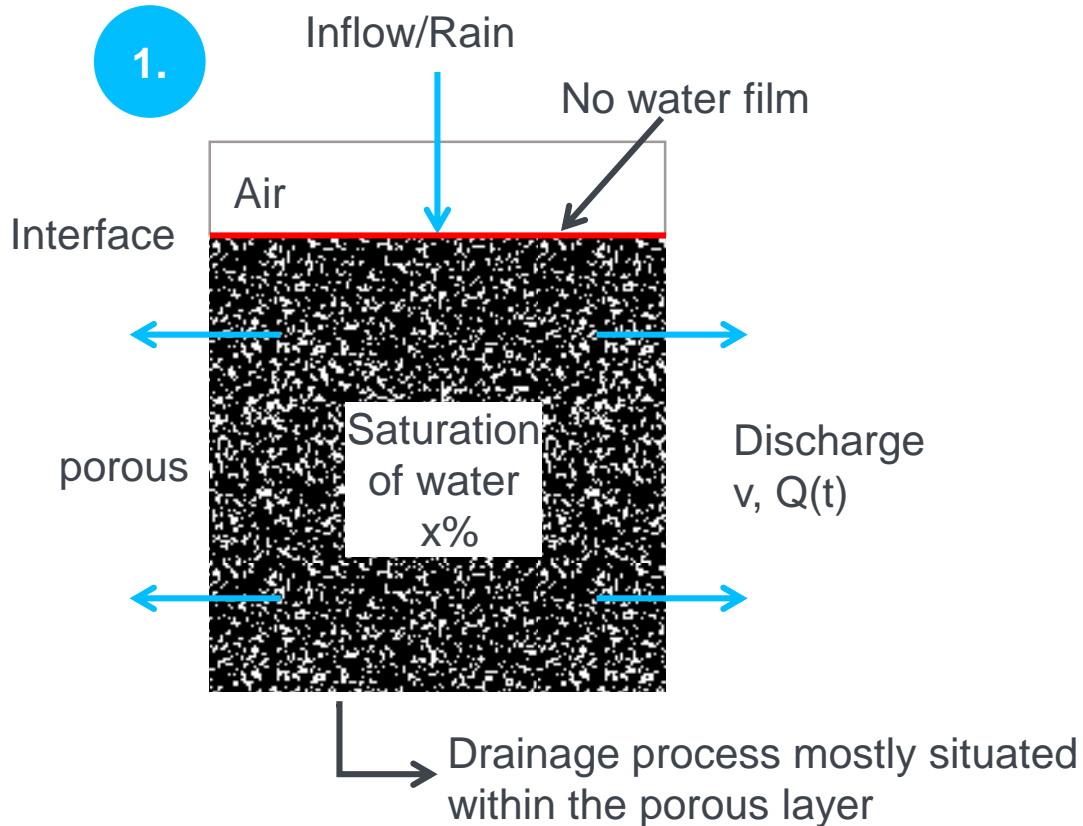
- DFG: German Research Foundation
- FOR 2089: research group
- Subproject: Development of a 3D drainage model of pavements
- Drainage model based on (physical) principles of hydromechanics

- State of the art: 2D drainage of dense pavements
- Surface runoff, no infiltration
- Pavement Surface Runoff Model (PSRM)*



Drainage modelling

3D drainage model



Drainage modelling

Example - Development of saturation in a PA layer

Thickness of
layer



Low water
saturation



High water
saturation



Drainage modelling

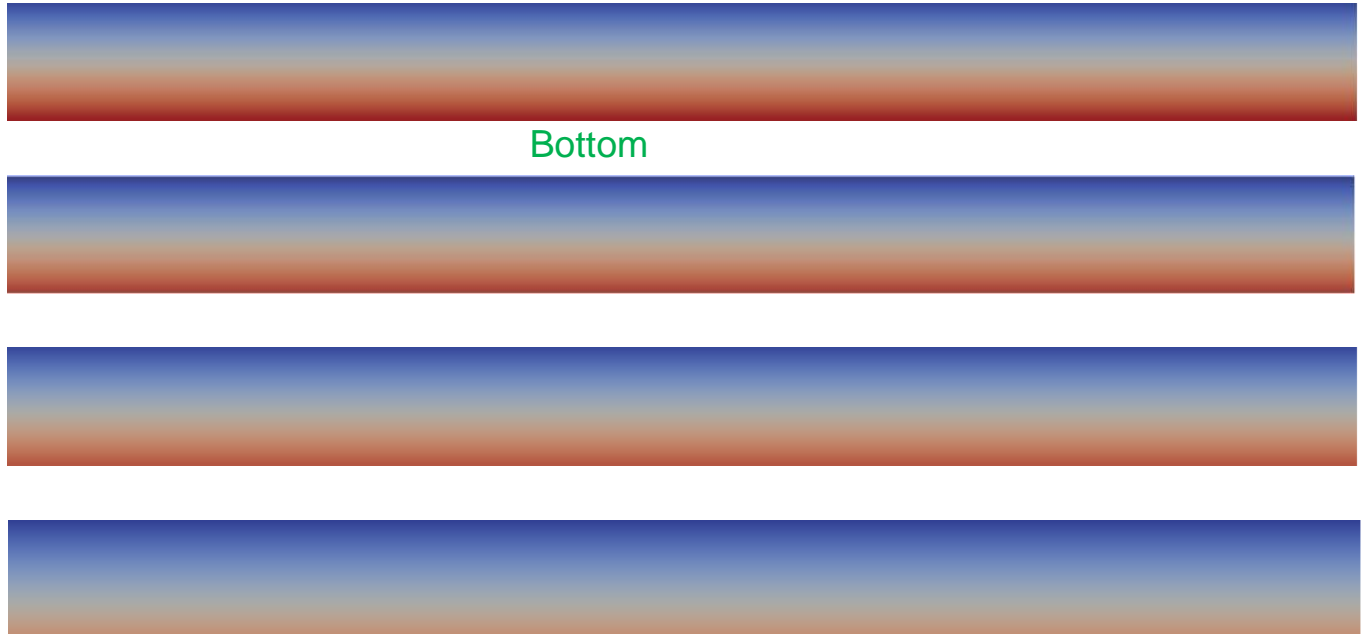
Example - Development of saturation in a PA layer

Thickness of
layer

Top

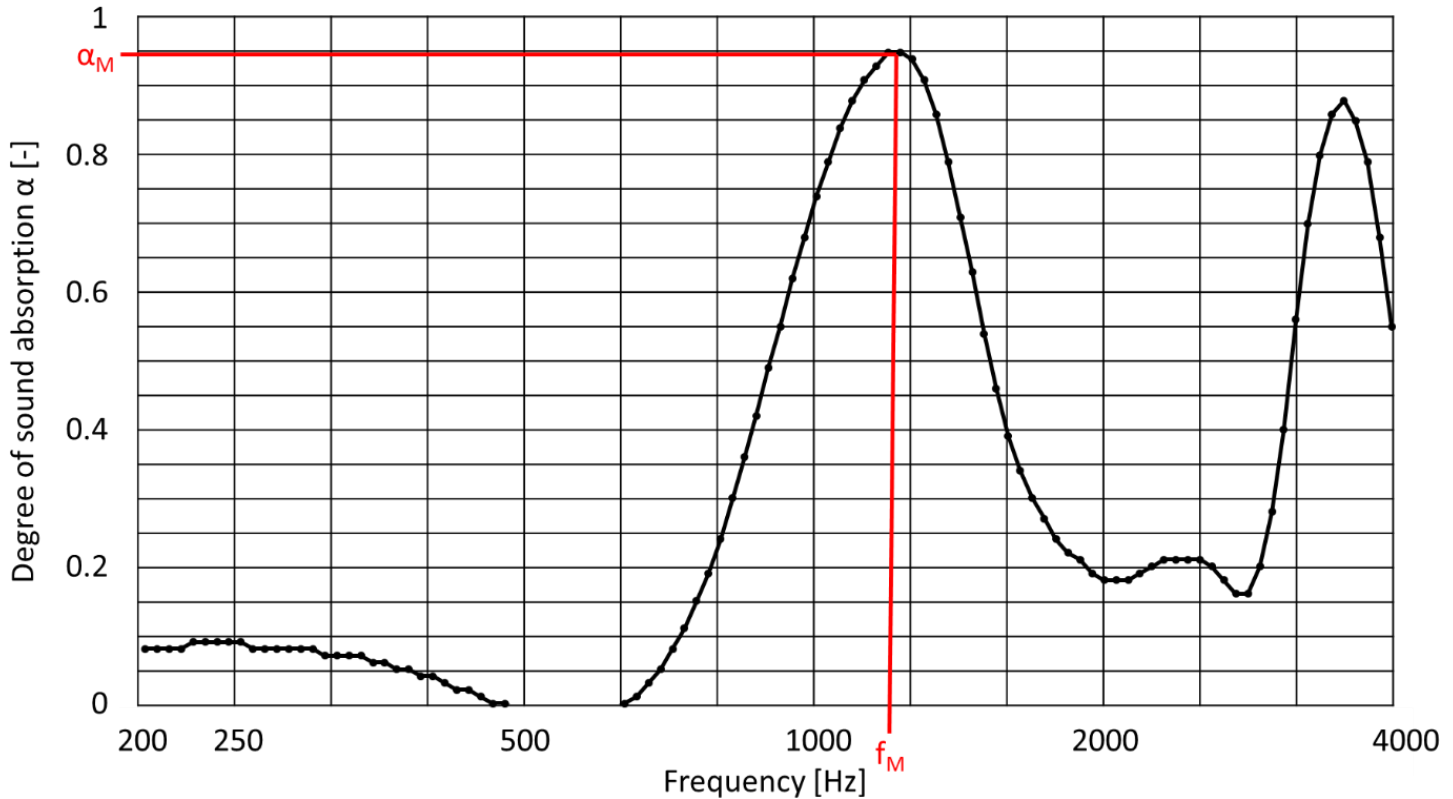
Bottom

Time



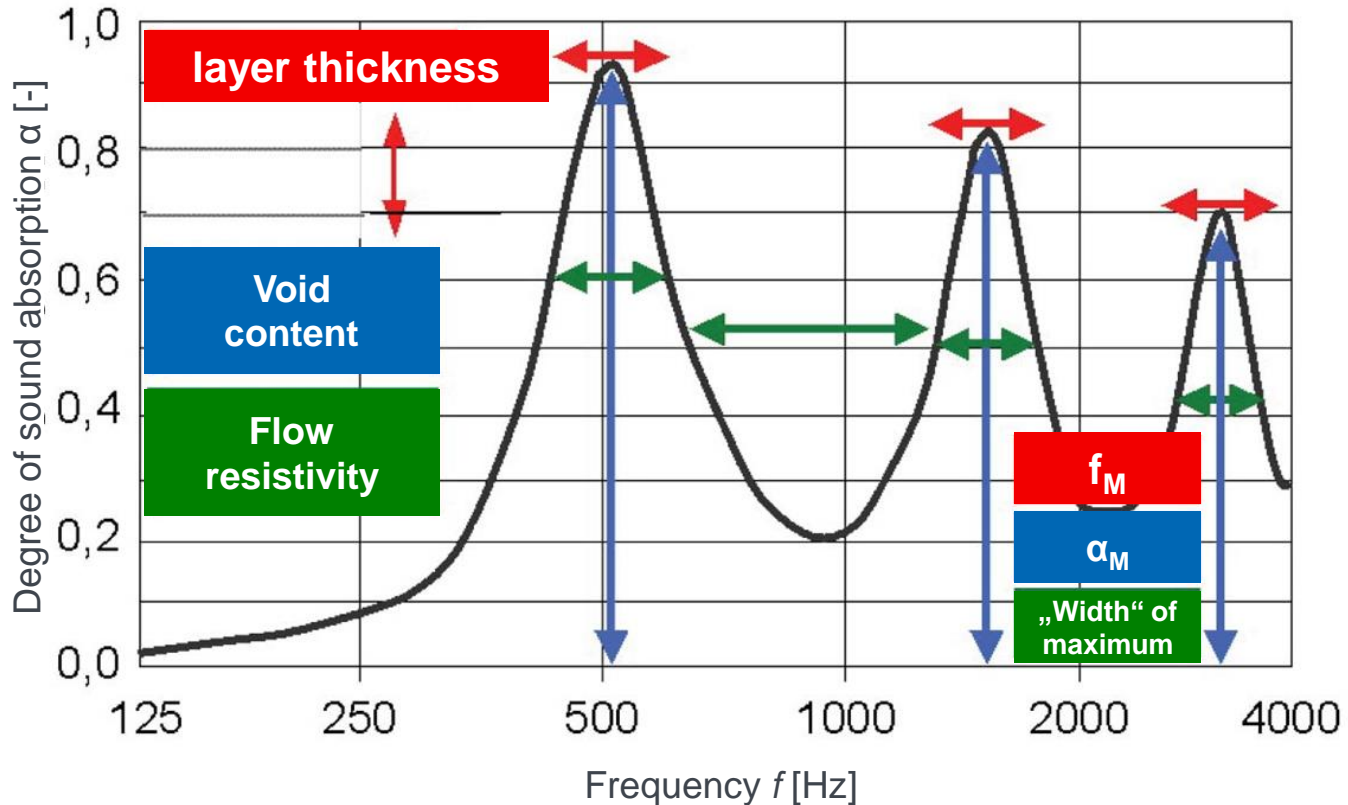
Sound absorption

Typical shape of PA sound absorption degree

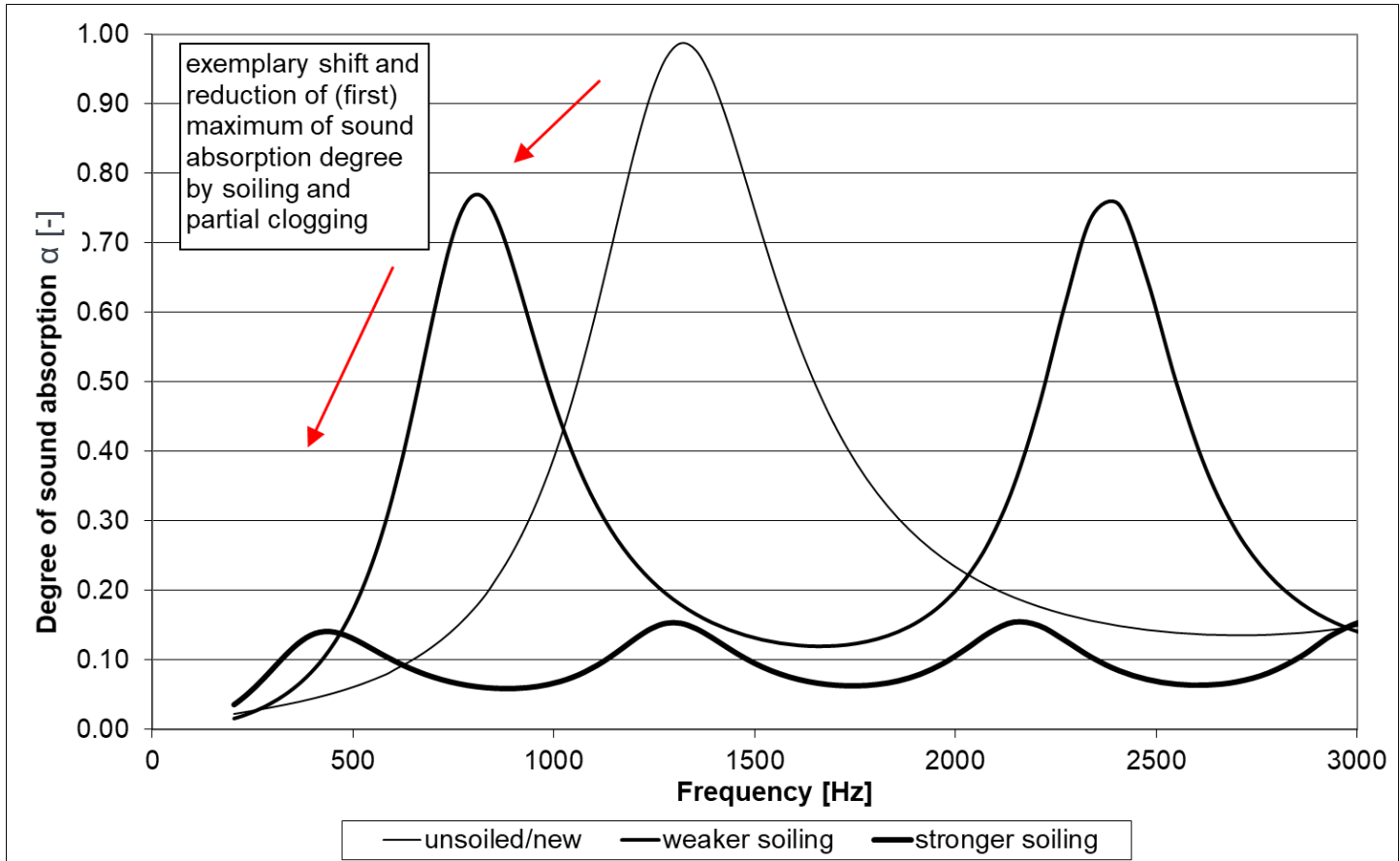


Sound absorption of PA - parameters

Degree of sound absorption - influencing parameters



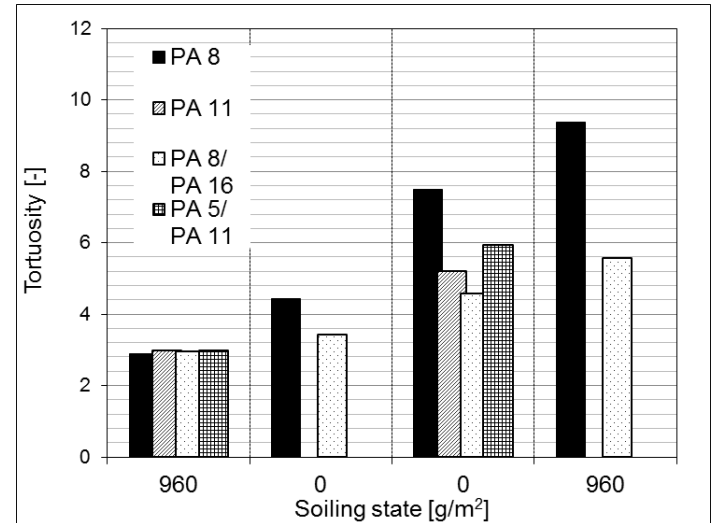
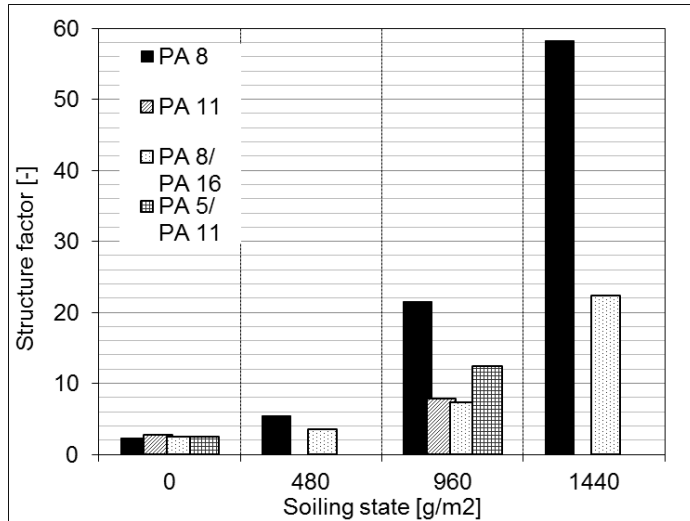
Sound absorption of PA – effect of artificial soiling



Picture: S. Alber, Veränderung des Schallabsorptionsverhaltens von offenporigen Asphalten durch Verschmutzung (Variation of sound absorption characteristics of porous asphalt due to clogging processes) (PhD thesis) German language, Veröffentlichungen des Instituts für Straßen- und Verkehrswesen, Universität Stuttgart, Heft 46 Stuttgart, 2013. <http://dx.doi.org/10.18419/opus-489>
English illustration: Alber, Stefan; Ressel, Wolfram; Liu, Pengfei; Wang, Dawei; Oeser, Markus (2018): Influence of soiling phenomena on air-void microstructure and acoustic performance of porous asphalt pavement. In: Construction and Building Materials 158, S. 938–948. DOI: 10.1016/j.conbuildmat.2017.10.069 .



Sound absorption of PA – effect of soiling



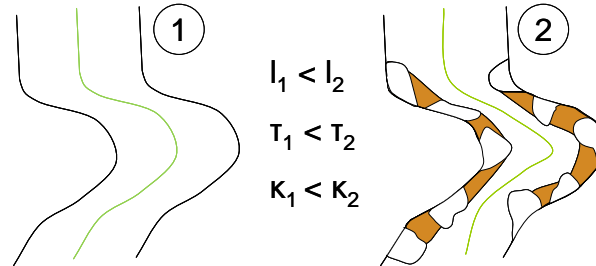
- Back-calculation of acoustical parameters related to morphological structure
- Structure factor κ and tortuosity τ increase with higher soiling states with the effects on sound absorption shown above
- **Unsoiled** state, **independent** from mix type, layer thickness and coarse or fine structure
 - $\kappa \approx 2.5$
 - $\tau \approx 3$

Picture: Alber, Stefan; Ressel, Wolfram; Liu, Pengfei; Wang, Dawei; Oeser, Markus (2018): Influence of soiling phenomena on air-void microstructure and acoustic performance of porous asphalt pavement. In: Construction and Building Materials 158, S. 938–948. DOI: 10.1016/j.conbuildmat.2017.10.069 .

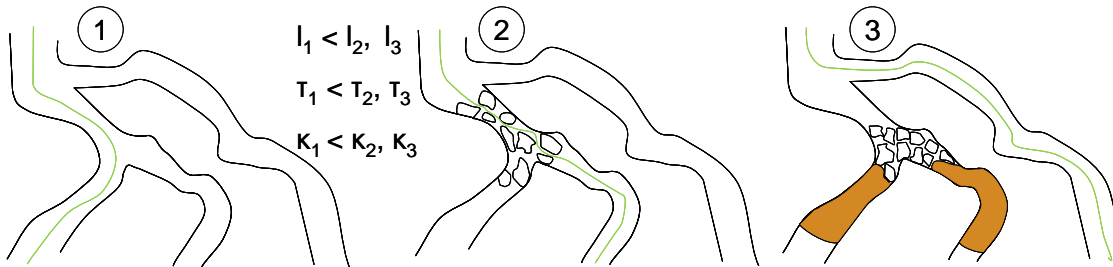
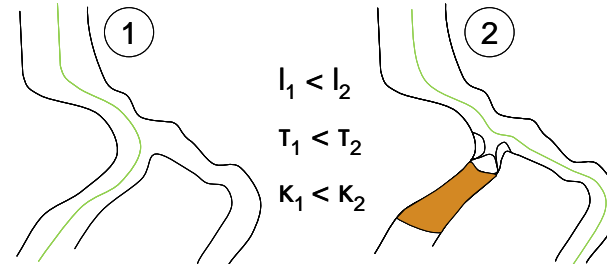
Based on: S. Alber, Veränderung des Schallabsorptionsverhaltens von offenporigen Asphalten durch Verschmutzung (Variation of sound absorption characteristics of porous asphalt due to clogging processes) (PhD thesis) German language, Veröffentlichungen des Instituts für Straßen- und Verkehrswesen, Universität Stuttgart, Heft 46 Stuttgart, 2013. <http://dx.doi.org/10.18419/opus-489>

Sound absorption of PA – effect of soiling

Constriction of pores



Clogging of pore channels



Air flow paths



Areas where air cannot be accelerated

Picture: S. Alber, Veränderung des Schallabsorptionsverhaltens von offenporigen Asphalten durch Verschmutzung (Variation of sound absorption characteristics of porous asphalt due to clogging processes) (PhD thesis) German language, Veröffentlichungen des Instituts für Straßen- und Verkehrswesen, Universität Stuttgart, Heft 46 Stuttgart, 2013. <http://dx.doi.org/10.18419/opus-489>
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Summary

- **Artificial soiling tests**
 - Artificial dirt
 - Artificial rainfall
 - Experimental set-up with
 - Time-dependent drainage measuring
 - Collecting and analyzing washed-out dirt
 - Soiling mechanisms
 - →...Possible approaches for capturing contaminants...
- **Effects of soiling on**
 - Drainage
 - Sound absorption
- **Modelling approaches explaining the empirical results**



Related (own) literature

- Alber, S.; Ressel, W.; Liu, P.; Wang, D.; Oeser, M. (2018): Influence of soiling phenomena on air-void microstructure and acoustic performance of porous asphalt pavement. In: Construction and Building Materials 158, S. 938–948. DOI: 10.1016/j.conbuildmat.2017.10.069.
- Alber, S.; Ressel, W.; Liu, P.; Hu, J.; Wang, D.; Oeser, M. et al. (2018): Investigation of microstructure characteristics of porous asphalt with relevance to acoustic pavement performance. In: International Journal of Transportation Science and Technology. DOI: 10.1016/j.ijtst.2018.06.001.
- Alber, S. (2013): Veränderung des Schallabsorptionsverhaltens von offenporigen Asphalten durch Verschmutzung (Variation of sound absorption characteristics of porous asphalt due to clogging processes) (PhD thesis) German language, Veröffentlichungen des Instituts für Straßen- und Verkehrswesen, Universität Stuttgart, Heft 46 Stuttgart, 2013. <http://dx.doi.org/10.18419/opus-489>
- Ressel, W.; Wolff, A.; Alber, S.; Rucker, I. (2017): Modelling and simulation of pavement drainage. In: International Journal of Pavement Engineering 82 (2), S. 1–10. DOI: 10.1080/10298436.2017.1347437.
- Wolff, Anne: Simulation of pavement surface runoff using the depth-averaged shallow water equations (PhD thesis), Veröffentlichungen des Instituts für Straßen- und Verkehrswesen, Universität Stuttgart, Heft 45, Stuttgart, 2013. <http://dx.doi.org/10.18419/opus-488>



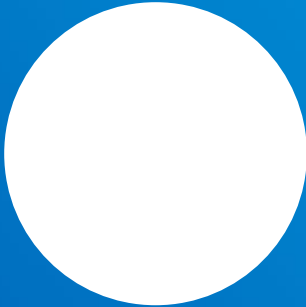
Related (own) literature

- Ressel, W; Alber, S.; Eisenbach, C.D.; Dirnberger, K.: Teilprojekt Polymer-Nanotechnologie zur Modifizierung der Poreninnenwandungen - Entwicklung von Materialien zur Herstellung von verbessertem Asphaltmischgut für offenporige Deckschichten, in: Verbundprojekt “Leiser Straßenverkehr 2” – Reduzierte Reifen-Fahrbahn-Geräusche (free translation: Polymer Nano-Technology for the Modification of Pore Surfaces – Development of Materials for Enhanced Porous Asphalt Mixes, Within: Joint Project “Silent Traffic 2”), Berichte der Bundesanstalt für Straßenwesen Reihe Straßenbau, Bergisch-Gladbach, 2012. pp. 123–166.
- Kuti, H.: Verschmutzungsprozess von offenporigen Asphaltdecken Soiling Process of Porous Asphalt Wearing Courses (Diploma thesis), Institute for Road and Transport Science (in cooperation with the Department of Structural Geology and Geodynamics of the University of Göttingen, Germany), University of Stuttgart, 2006.
- Maróthy, E.: Untersuchung der Rauheit von Poreninnenwandungen inoffenporigen Asphalten (free translation: Roughness of pore surfaces in porous asphalt) (Diploma thesis), Institute for Road and Transport Science (in cooperation with the Department of Structural Geology and Geodynamics of the University of Göttingen, Germany), University of Stuttgart, 2006.



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Thank you!



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